Towards clean propulsion with synthetic fuels: A cluster-modularized approach employing hierarchies of simulations and deep learning

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Application Case

- Development of new clean propulsion technology only possible by combining experiments and simulation (finding optimal parameters)
- Fuel injection effects critical but not understood (cavitation, breakup, wall interaction, ...)
- Simulation very expensive due to a large range of scales and multi-physics, which also restricts the minimum problem size
- Minimizing time-to-solution for given accuracy requirement by optimization: node performance (FLOPS), scaling (efficiency of large runs), coupling of high-order models (DNS) and reduced-order models (LES), data transfer speed/size, cluster selection
 Our hierarchical approach using optimized LES/DNS and optimal computing resources enables an iterative development cycle (edge2cloud)
 CNNs (DL) are trained on-the-fly with DNS data and used as BC generator for LESs, optimizing data transfer from TBs to GBs

Cavitation Cavitation Vall interact. Breakup © Bode et al., JSAE 2017. ^cHöchstleistungsrechenzentrum Stuttgart (HLRS), University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany ^dIT Center (ITC), RWTH Aachen University, Aachen, Germany

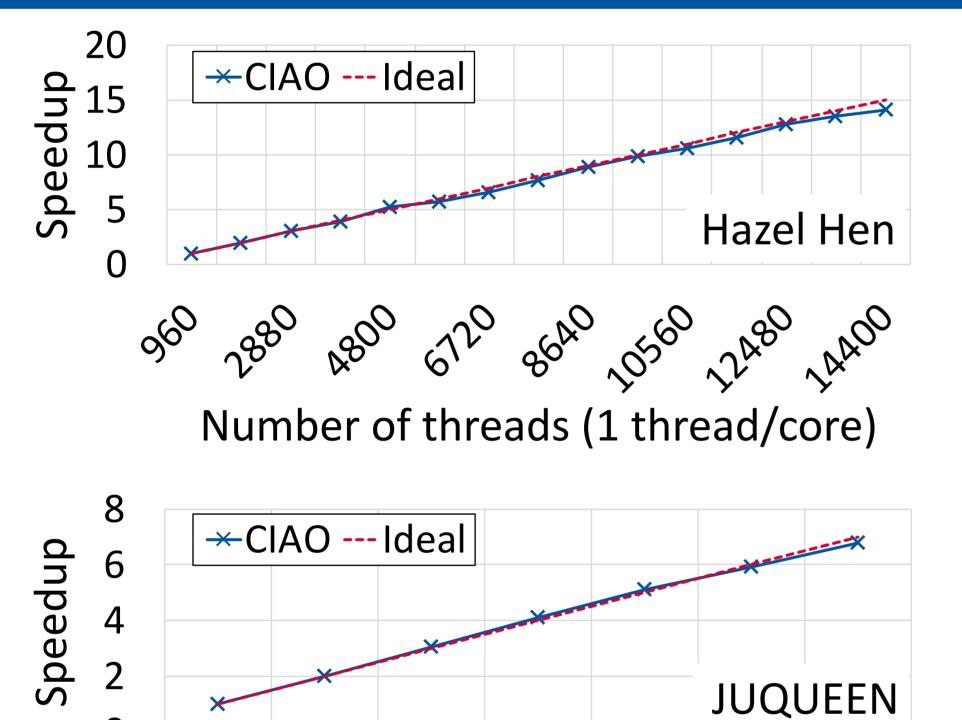
Modularized DNS&DL @ JUQUEEN&JURECA

- Liquid breakup simulations (DNS) are large and expensive but can be run in low Mach limit
 - All-to-all communication which benefits decisively from JUQUEEN's 5D torus network

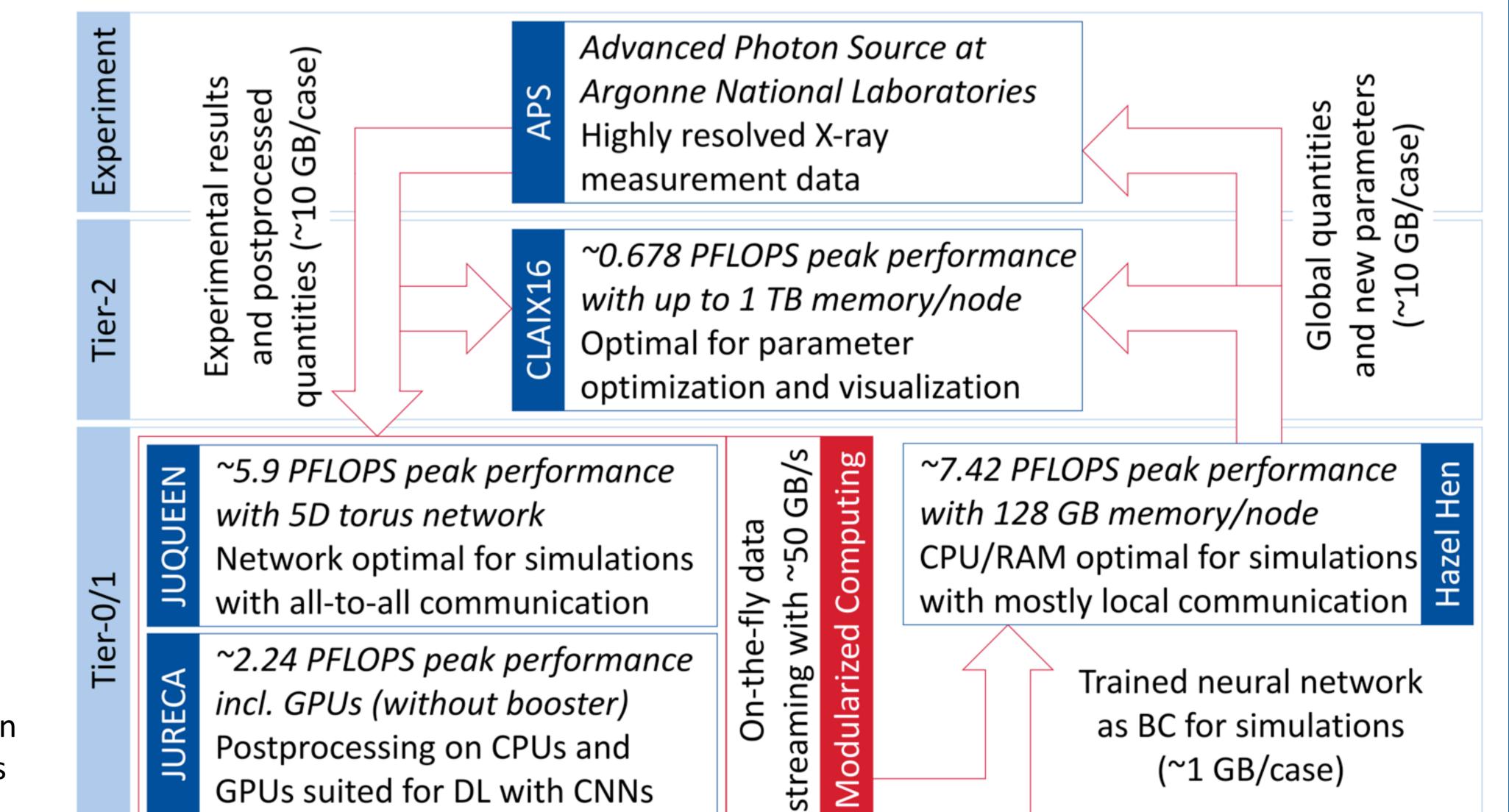


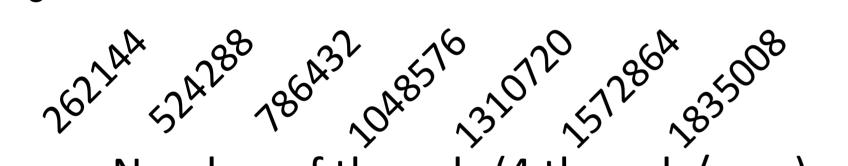
- Simulations were performed using up to 1.84 Mio. threads and 378.4
 TFLOPS (full JUQUEEN)
- JURECA's GPUs were used to train a CNN using on-the-fly data streaming, modularized computing, and statistically similar data
- A CNN architecture with 3D sub-boxes as input and five hidden layers was employed as BC generator
- Implicit consideration of spatial gradients, which are important for proper BCs for the LES
- 400.2 TFLOPS were achieved during training





Hierarchical Computing Approach





Number of threads (4 threads/core)

LES scaling on Hazel Hen (top) and **DNS scaling** on JUQUEEN (bottom); minimum number of threads chosen based on minimum RAM requirements

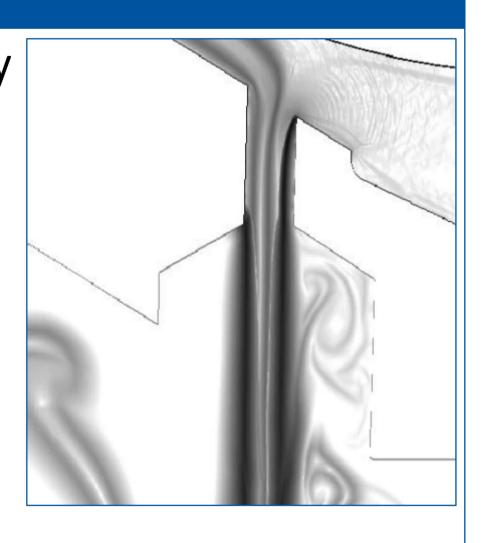
LES @ Hazel Hen

- Compressible injection simulations (LES) are less expensive and require mainly local communication
- Network less important for scaling, and LES performed on Hazel Hen due to good ratio of CPU power and memory per node
- Specific vectorization with OpenMP instructions accelerated time-tosolution of LES by 17.2%
- LES able to run with up to 130.5 TFLOPS on 85% of Hazel Hen after cache usage optimization
- Trained CNN used as BC and allowed studying broad parameter space

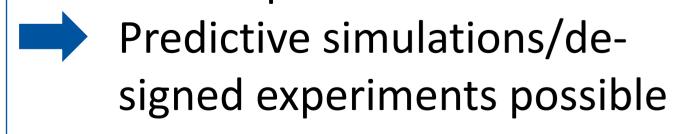


Achievements

- CIAO used for optimizing propulsion technology
- Optimal cluster choices and optimizations enable very good scaling (overall) and node performance (compared to other CFD codes)
- Modularized computing reasonably reduced critical intra-cluster data transfer
- CNN trained on DNS data reduced intercluster data transfer and provided accurate
 BCs for LES parameter study at the same time



 Hierarchical approach reduced time-to-solution (overhead for intercluster data transfer included) by 52.0% compared to a single cluster with similar peak performance



Golden Spike Award 2018

Iterative development cycles as feedback to the experiment possible
 Optimizations with respect to nozzle geometry, injection conditions and fuel properties were realized (cf. Figure)

Acknowledgements & Reproducibility

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Reproducibility/GIT: https://git.rwth-aachen.de/Mathis.Bode/isc19.git

- Computing time on CLAIX16 & JURECA & JUQUEEN via JARA-HPC: JARA0188, JHPC55, JHPC18
 Computing time on Hazel Hen via GCS: GCS-MRES
- DNS Direct Numerical Simulation
- LES Large Eddy Simulation
- CNN Convolutional Neural Network

DL – Deep LearningBC – Boundary Condition

CIAO – Inhouse code framework CFD – Computational Fluid Dynamics

